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085	Random Sample From Binomial Distribution	Author	Charlie Watson
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		CPM OS	03.04.4000

Assume we are modelling a binomial distribution with  $n = 24$  and  $p = \frac{1}{6}$ .

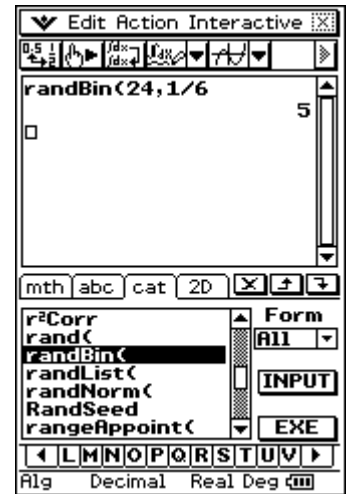
Start in Main and check the settings at the bottom of the screen.

Open the keyboard and tap on the **cat** tab.

Navigate to the functions starting with R, highlight **randBin** and tap **INPUT**.

Enter the number of trials and probability of success. Tap **EXE**.

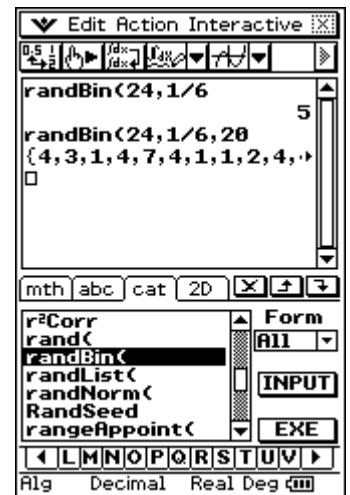
A single random sample is generated from the distribution.



Copy the previous entry to a new line and add a third parameter – the number of samples required, such as 20.

Tap **EXE**.

20 random samples are generated from the distribution and returned in a list.



Store the list of 20 numbers into a variable called *s1* for analysis. Use the **math** and **abc** tabs.



Tap **Action, List-Calculation, mean.**

Add *s1* and tap **EXE.**

In the same way, calculate the standard deviation of the sample.

```
randBin(24,1/6,20
{4,3,1,4,7,4,1,1,2,4,
ans→s1
{4,3,1,4,7,4,1,1,2,4,
mean(s1
3.5
stdDev(s1
1.905670209
```

Tap back onto the second line and tap **EXE** to draw another random sample of 20.

```
randBin(24,1/6,20
{5,5,4,4,5,3,5,2,4,0,
ans→s1
{5,5,4,4,5,3,5,2,4,0,
mean(s1
3.75
stdDev(s1
1.915999121
```

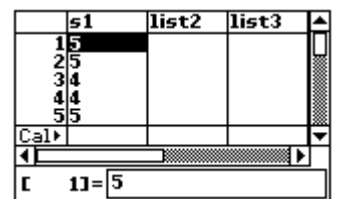
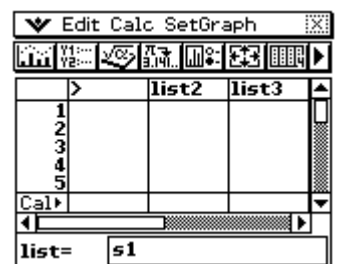
The sample can also be analysed in the Statistics application.

In Stats, tap **Edit, Clear All.**

Tap onto **list1** and use the **abc** tab on the keyboard to enter *s1*.

Tap **EXE.**

The sample appears with *s1* as the list heading.



Remember when calculating One-Variable statistics or graphing to set the **XList** to **main/s1**.

