A student wishes to purchase a car priced at \$4000. The student has a part-time job and can afford to repay \$350 every month. A bank offers the student a loan of \$4000 with an interest rate of 15% pa compounded monthly. How many complete months will it take the student to repay the loan and how much interest will be paid in total?

We will use the recursive formula $T_{n+1} = T_n \times 1.0125 - 350$, $T_0 = 4000$ to solve this problem.

Enter the formula as shown and then set the table range from 0 to 15.

Without interest, the loan will take $4000 \div 350 = 11.4$ months to repay, so allow for up to 15 iterations.



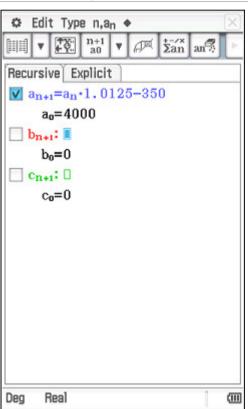
Scroll to the bottom of the table.

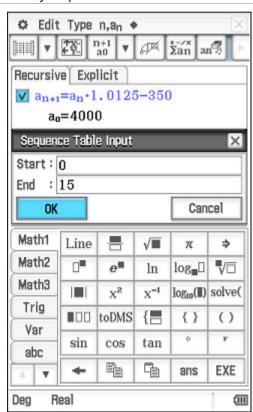
The loan is repaid after 13 repayments.

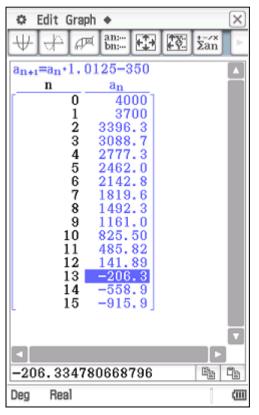
To carry out manual calculations tap

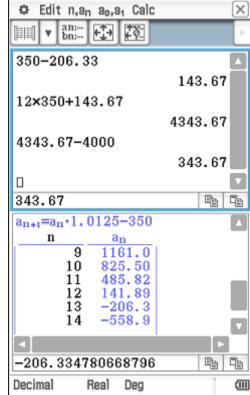
to open Sequence RUN window.

Final repayment is \$143.67, total repaid is \$4343.67 and total interest paid is \$343.67.









It is also possible to determine the amount of interest paid in any particular month - say the 4th month.

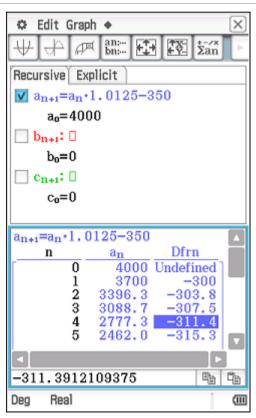
Close the RUN window using .

Tap and choose the second option.

⇔ Edit Type n,an ♦ †X. n+1 +Y. a0 Σan an ive Explicit +1=an+1.0125-350 ab-a $a_0 = 4000$ abla +1: [] 0 = 0åhc +1: D c= a+b n a_n 0 4000 3700 3396.3 3088.7 2777.3 2462.0Ba Real $\overline{}$ Deg

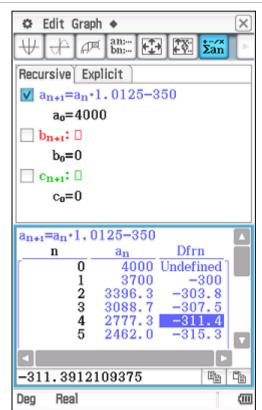
A third column has been added to the table, headed Dfrn (the difference of consecutive terms).

Note the difference of \$311.39 for the 4th month.



Without interest, the loan should reduce each month by the regular repayment of \$350. The reduction of only \$311.39 is due to the interest added.

Tap to again open the Sequence RUN window.



The interest for the 4th month was \$38.61.

